## SAFETY DATA SHEET



**HD Paver Preparator and Efflorescence Cleaner** 

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: HD Paver Preparator and Efflorescence Cleaner

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** 

: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** 

: Use to dissolve efflorescence (whitish salt) and remove ground-in dirt (traffic marks.

etc.) on pavers, slabs and retaining walls made of concrete.

Area of application

: Consumer applications, Professional applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer

: Techniseal

300, avenue Liberté

Candiac, QC, Canada, J5R 6X1

Tel: (514) 523-2110 Toll free: 1-800-465-7325 Fax: (450) 633-3035

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: service@techniseal.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: H314 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 8.5%

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

**D**anger

**Hazard statements** 

: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

: P103 - Read label before use.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable Response

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal** 

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Causes severe digestive tract burns.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **Product code** : Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Phosphoric acid, solution	-	≥10 - ≤25	7664-38-2
nitric acid	-	≤10	7697-37-2
sulphamidic acid	-	≤5	5329-14-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### **Skin contact**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion**: Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides

carbon monoxide carbon dioxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Phosphoric acid, solution		TWA: 1 mg/m³ STEL: 3 mg/m NIOSH REL (Ur TWA: 1 mg/m³ STEL: 3 mg/m OSHA PEL (Un TWA: 1 mg/m³	3 15 minutes. nited States, 10/2013). 10 hours. 3 15 minutes. ited States, 2/2013).	
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 5.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 2 ppm 10 hours.
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours.
STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

None.

sulphamidic acid

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color Yellow. Odor : Lemon-like. Not available. **Odor threshold** 

pH

**Melting point** : <-30°C (<-22°F) : 100°C (212°F) **Boiling point** : Not available. Flash point **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

**Solubility** Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature:** Not available. **SADT** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** : 17.16 to 1.18 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Density** 

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

The product is stable. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing

materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids and alkalis.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Phosphoric acid, solution	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2740 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.25 g/kg	-
sulphamidic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sulphamidic acid	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Corrosive to the skin.

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes.

**Respiratory** : Corrosive to the respiratory system.

Sensitization

Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : Severely corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	9791.3 mg/kg
Dermal	25279.5 mg/kg

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phosphoric acid, solution	Acute EC50 105 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 60 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
nitric acid	Acute EC50 100 to 1000 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 72 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
sulphamidic acid	Acute LC50 14200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ntric acid	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ntric acid	-0.21	-	low
sulphamidic acid	0.101	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3264	UN3264	UN3264
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, solution, nitric acid)	©ORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric acid, solution, nitric acid)	Forrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, solution, nitric acid)
		,	

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

Transport hazard class (es)	8 CONSCIENT	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 11738.5 lbs / 5329.3 kg [1203.3 gal / 4554.9 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 L  Special provisions 386, B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B  Special provisions 274	Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 0.5 L Packaging instructions: Y840 Special provisions A3, A803

Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid, solution; nitric acid Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: nitric acid

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

		SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		SARA 302 TPQ		RQ
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
ritric acid	≤10	Yes.	1000	85.7	1000	85.7

**SARA 304 RQ** : 11738.5 lbs / 5329.3 kg [1203.3 gal / 4554.9 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	7.0	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Phosphoric acid, solution nitric acid sulphamidic acid	≥10 - ≤25	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
	≤10	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
	≤5	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	No.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	nttric acid	7697-37-2	≤10
Supplier notification	intric acid	7697-37-2	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; NITRIC ACID

**New York** : The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid; Nitric acid

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; NITRIC ACID; SULPHAMIC

ACID; SULFAMIC ACID

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; NITRIC ACID

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

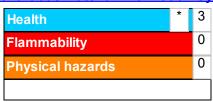
Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Skin Corr. 1, H314	On basis of test data	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	On basis of test data	

#### **History**

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### Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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